

## Technical Information

### Thiogel Medium

#### Product Code: DM 1610

**Application:** - Thiogel Medium is recommended for cultivation of strictly anaerobic, aerobic as well as facultative microorganisms and for the identification of pure cultures on the basis of their ability to liquefy gelatin.

#### Composition\*\*

Ingredients	Gms / Litre
Casein enzymic hydrolysate	17.000
Papaic digest of soyabean meal	3.000
Dextrose	6.000
Sodium chloride	2.500
Sodium thioglycollate	0.500
L-Cystine	0.250
Sodium sulphite	0.100
Gelatin	50.000
Agar	0.700
Final pH (at 25°C)	7.0±0.2

\*\*Formula adjusted, standardized to suit performance parameters

#### Principle & Interpretation

Proteolytic organisms digest proteins and consequently liquefy gelatin or coagulated serum. Liquefaction of gelatin, being the commonest proteolytic property, is routinely used as an index of proteolytic activity. Gelatin will not by itself support the growth of many pathogens and is therefore added into a nutrient medium <sup>(1)</sup>. In Thiogel Medium, gelatin is added into Thioglycollate Medium without Indicator <sup>(2)</sup>. Thioglycollate Medium was modified by Brewer <sup>(3, 4)</sup> by replacing meat infusion in original formulation by plant soya <sup>(5)</sup> and casein peptones <sup>(6)</sup> to enhance growth. Thioglycollate Medium is used for cultivation of strict anaerobes, microaerophiles and aerobic microorganisms and for identifying the pure cultures on the basis of their property to liquefy gelatin.

Casein enzymic hydrolysate, papaic digest of soyabean meal, dextrose and L-cystine in the medium provides nitrogenous and carbonaceous compounds, trace elements, sulphur, and fermentable carbohydrate etc. Thioglycollate is the reducing agent, which binds to the molecular oxygen and thus inhibits the accumulation of peroxides, which are toxic to some microorganisms. Small amount of agar helps to maintain anaerobic condition at the bottom of the tube so that incubation under anaerobic conditions is not necessary. Gelatin serves as the substrate for determining the presence or absence of gelatinase enzyme in microorganisms.

#### Methodology

Suspend 80.05 grams of powder media in 1000 ml distilled water, preheated to a temperature of 50°C. Mix well and allow to stand for 5 minutes. Shake well & heat to dissolve the medium completely. Dispense in test tubes filling them upto half of the tubes. Sterilize by autoclaving at 118°C for 15 minutes.

## Quality Control

### Physical Appearance

Cream to yellow homogeneous coarse powder

### Gelling

Semisolid, comparable with 5.0% gelatin gel.

### Colour and Clarity of prepared medium

Light straw coloured opalescent viscous gel forms in tubes.

### Reaction

Reaction of 8.0% w/v aqueous solution at 25°C. pH : 7.0±0.2

### pH range

6.80-7.20

### Cultural Response/Characteristics

DM 1610: Cultural characteristics observed after an incubation at 35-37°C for 18-48 hours.

Organism	Inoculum (CFU)	Growth	Gelatin liquefaction
<i>Bacillus subtilis</i> ATCC 6633	50-100	good-luxuriant	Negative reaction
<i>Bacteroides fragilis</i> ATCC 25285	50-100	good-luxuriant	Negative reaction
<i>Clostridium sporogenes</i> ATCC 11437	50-100	good- luxuriant	Positive reaction
<i>Micrococcus luteus</i> ATCC 10240	50-100	good- luxuriant	Negative reaction
<i>Neisseria meningitidis</i> ATCC 13090	50-100	good- luxuriant	Negative reaction
<i>Streptococcus pyogenes</i> ATCC 19615	50-100	good- luxuriant	Negative reaction

## Storage and Shelf Life

**Dried Media:** Store below 30°C in tightly closed container and use before expiry date as mentioned on the label.

**Prepared Media:** 2-8<sup>0</sup> in sealable plastic bags for 2-5 days.

## Further Reading

1. Collee J. G., Fraser A. G., Marmion B. P., Simmons A., (Eds.), Mackie and McCartney, Practical Medical Microbiology, 1996, 14th Edition, Churchill Livingstone
2. MacFaddin J. F., 1985, Media for Isolation-Cultivation-Identification-Maintenance of Medical Bacteria, Vol. 1, Williams and Wilkins, Baltimore.
3. Brewer J. H., 1940, Jour. Amer. Medi. Assoc., 115, 598
4. Brewer J. H., 1940, J. Bacteriol., 39, 10
5. Brewer J. H., 1943 J. Bacteriol., 46, 395
6. Vera H. D., 1944, J. Bacteriol., 47, 59

## Disclaimer :

- User must ensure suitability of the product(s) in their application prior to use.
- The product conforms solely to the technical information provided in this booklet and to the best of knowledge research and development work carried at **CDH** is true and accurate.
- **Central Drug House Pvt. Ltd.** reserves the right to make changes to specifications and information related to the products at any time.
- Products are not intended for human or animal diagnostic or therapeutic use but for laboratory, research or further manufacturing of diagnostic reagents extra.
- Statements contained herein should not be considered as a warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, and no liability is accepted for infringement of any patents.
- Do not use the products if it fails to meet specifications for identity and performs parameters.