

Dehydrated Culture Media Bases / Media Supplements

# **Technical Information**

## **Orange Serum Agar**

## Product Code: DM 1933

Application: - Orange Serum Agar is used for cultivation and enumeration of microorganisms associated with the spoilage of citrus products, cultivation of Lactobacilli, other aciduric organisms and pathogenic fungi.

Composition**			
Ingredients	Gms / Litre		
Tryptone	10.000		
Yeast extract	3.000		
Dextrose (Glucose)	4.000		
Dipotassium hydrogen phosphate	2.500		
Orange serum (Solids from 200 ml)	9.000		
Agar	17.000		
Final pH ( at 25°C)	5.5±0.2		
**Formula adjusted, standardized to suit performance	e parameters		

### **Principle & Interpretation**

Orange Serum Agar is recommended by APHA (1) for cultivation of Lactobacilli and other aciduric organisms. Orange Serum Agar was originally developed by Murdock et al (2) and Hays (3) for examining citrus concentrates. Hays and Reister further used this medium for studying the spoilage of orange juice (4). Dehydrated agar medium containing orange serum was reported by Stevens (6). Orange Serum Broth is used to initiate growth of saprophytic, pathogenic fungi in small samples (5).

Fruit juices are generally acidic, with pH values ranging from approximately 2.4 for lemon juice, to 4.2 for tomato juice. The low pH of these foods is selective for yeast, moulds and a few groups of aciduric bacteria. The microorganisms of greatest significance in citrus juices are the lactic acid bacteria, primarily species of *Lactobacillus* and *Leuconostoc*, yeast and moulds. Microbial spoilage of these citrus fruit juices are most commonly due to aciduric microbes such as lactic acid bacteria and yeast. The lactic acid bacteria include *Lactobacillus fermentum*, *L.plantarum*, and *Leuconostoc mesenteroides*.

Tryptone supplies essential nitrogenous, carbonaceous compounds, long chain amino acids and other essential nutrients. Dextrose (Glucose) acts as the fermentable carbohydrate and energy source. Yeast extract supplies B- complex vitamins, which stimulate growth. Orange serum provides an optimal environment for the recovery of acid tolerant microorganisms from citrus fruit products.

### Type of specimen

Food samples

### Specimen Collection and Handling:

For food samples, follow appropriate techniques for sample collection and processing as per guidelines (1). After use, contaminated materials must be sterilized by autoclaving before discarding.

### Warning and Precautions :

Read the label before opening the container. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Follow good microbiological lab practices while handling specimens and culture. Standard precautions as per established guidelines should be followed while handling specimens. Safety guidelines may be referred in individual safety data sheets





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### Limitations :

1. Some strains may show poor growth due to nutritional variations.

### Performance and Evaluation

Performance of the medium is expected when used as per the direction on the label within the expiry period when stored at recommended temperature.

### Methodology

Suspend 45.5 grams of dehydrated powder media in 1000 ml distilled water. Mix thoroughly & heat to boiling to dissolve the medium completely. Sterilize by autoclaving at 15 lbs pressure (121°C) for 15 minutes. AVOID OVERHEATING. Cool to 45-50°C. Shake well before pour into sterile Petri plates.

### Quality Control

#### Appearance

Cream to yellow homogeneous free flowing powder

#### Gelling

Firm, comparable with 1.7% agar gel.

#### Colour and Clarity

Medium to dark amber coloured clear to slightly opalescent gel forms in Petri plates

#### Reaction

Reaction of 4.55% w/v aqueous solution at 25°C. pH : 5.5±0.2

#### pH Range

5.30-5.70

#### Cultural Response

DM1933: Cultural characteristics observed after an incubation at 35-37°C for 40-48 hours. (Fungal species are incubated at 25-30°C)

Organism	lnoculum (CFU)	Growth	Recovery
#Aspergillus brasiliensis ATCC 16404 (00053*)	50-100	good-luxuriant	-
Candida albicans ATCC10231 (00054*)	50-100	good-luxuriant	>=50%
Lactobacillus acidophilus ATCC 4356	50-100	good-luxuriant	>=50%
Lactobacillus fermentum ATCC 9338	50-100	good-luxuriant	>=50%
Leuconostoc mesentoroides ATCC 12291	50-100	good-luxuriant	>=50%
Saccharomyces cerevisiae ATCC 9763 (00058*)	50-100	good-luxuriant	>=50%

**Key: #** - Formerly known as *Aspergillus niger* \* - Corresponding WDCM numbers

### Storage and Shelf Life

**Dried Media:** Store between 10-30°C in a tightly closed container and the prepared medium at 2-8°C. Use before expiry date on the label. On opening, product should be properly stored dry, after tightly capping the bottle inorder to prevent lump formation due to the hygroscopic nature of the product. Improper storage of the product may lead to lump formation. Store in dry ventilated area protected from extremes of temperature and sources of ignition Seal the container tightly after use. Use before expiry date on the label. Product performance is best if used within stated expiry period.





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Disposal

User must ensure safe disposal by autoclaving and/or incineration of used or unusable preparations of this product. Follow established laboratory procedures in disposing of infectious materials and material that comes into contact with sample must be decontaminated and disposed of in accordance with current laboratory techniques (7, 8).

## Further Reading

1. Salfinger Y., and Tortorello M.L. Fifth (Ed.), 2015, Compendium of Methods for the Microbiological Examination of Foods, 5th Ed., American Public Health Association, Washington, D.C.

2. Murdock P. I., Folinazzo J. F., and Troy V. S., 1951, Food Technol., 6:181.

3. Hays G. L., 1951, Proc. Florida State Hortic. Soc., 54:135.

4. Hays G. L. and Reister D. W., 1952, Food Technol., 6:186.

5. MacFaddin J. F., 1985, Media for Isolation-Cultivation-Identification-Maintenance of Medical Bacteria, Vol. 1, Williams and Wilkins, Baltimore

6. Stevens J. W., 1954, Food Technol., 8:88.

7. Isenberg, H.D. Clinical Microbiology Procedures Handbook. 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition.

8. Jorgensen, J.H., Pfaller, M.A., Carroll, K.C., Funke, G., Landry, M.L., Richter, S.S and Warnock., D.W. (2015) Manual of Clinical Microbiology, 11th Edition. Vol. 1.

### **Disclaimer :**

• User must ensure suitability of the product(s) in their application prior to use.

• The product conform solely to the technical information provided in this booklet and to the best of knowledge research and development work carried at CDH is true and accurate

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