

# **Technical Information**

### **Ethyl Violet Azide Dextrose Agar**

**Product Code: DM 2397** 

**Application:** - Ethyl Violet Azide Dextrose Agar is recommended for detecting and confirming Streptococci and as confirmative medium for faecal pollution indication in water and other specimens.

### Composition\*\*

Ingredients	Gms / Litre			
Casein enzymic hydrolysate	20.000			
Dextrose	5.000			
Dipotassium phosphate	2.700			
Monopotassium phosphate	2.700			
Sodium chloride	5.000			
Sodium azide	0.400			
Ethyl violet	0.00083			
Agar	15.000			
Final pH ( at 25°C)	7.0±0.2			
**Formula adjusted, standardized to suit performance parameters				

### Principle & Interpretation

Ethyl Violet Azide Broth is based on the formulation of Litsky et al (3) and is a modification of medium developed by Litsky et al (2) with reduced amount of dextrose and increased dye concentration, making the medium highly specific for Enterococci. The presence of Enterococci serves as a valuable index of faecal or sewage pollution in water (1).

Ethyl Violet Azide Dextrose Agar is a modification of Ethyl Violet Azide Broth (DM1426) (3) where 1.5% agar is added as a solidifying agent. It is recommended for detection and confirmation of Streptococci. It is based on original formulation of Litsky et al (4). Ethyl Violet Azide Dextrose Agar medium has 0.5% dextrose and was found equally productive as the medium described originally containing 1.5% dextrose. It was found that the medium with the lesser amount of carbohydrate was less adversely affected by heat during sterilization. Litsky et al (4) studied a variety of dyes and selective agents for Streptococci and developed a confirmatory medium using ethyl violet and sodium azide as selective agents. Combination of 0.0083gm% of ethyl violet dye and 0.04gm% of azide supplied the best selective action favouring growth of Streptococci (4).

E.V.A. Dextrose Agar contain casein enzymic hydrolysate act as a source of carbon, nitrogen, vitamins and minerals. Dextrose is the fermentable carbohydrate. Sodium azide and ethyl violet inhibit gram-positive bacilli and gram-positive cocci other than Enterococci. Monopotassium and dipotassium phosphates buffer the medium. Sodium chloride supplies osmotic balance.

### Methodology

Suspend 50.8 grams of dehydrated media in 1000 ml distilled water. Mix thoroughly & heat to boiling to dissolve the medium completely. Sterilize by autoclaving at 15 lbs pressure (121°C) for 15 minutes. Shake well before pour into sterile Petri plates.

**Warning:** Sodium azide has a tendency to form explosive metal azides with plumbing materials. It is advisable to use enough water to flush off the disposables.

# **Quality Control**

### Appearance

Cream to yellow homogeneous free flowing powder





#### Gelling

Firm, comparable with 1.5% Agar gel

#### Colour and Clarity

Light amber coloured, clear to slightly opalescent gel forms in Petri plates

#### Reaction

Reaction of 5.08% w/v aqueous solution at 25°C. pH: 7.0±0.2

#### pH Range

6.80-7.20

#### **Cultural Response**

DM2397: Cultural characteristics observed after an incubation at 35-37°C for 24-48 hours.

Organism	Inoculum (CFU)	Growth	Recovery
Escherichia coli ATCC 25922	>=103	inhibited	0%
Enterococcus faecalis ATCC 29212	50-100	good-luxuriant	>50%

## Storage and Shelf Life

**Dried Media:** Store below 30°C in tightly closed container and prepared medium at 2-8°C. Use before expiry date on the label. **Prepared Media:** 2-8° in sealable plastic bags for 2-5 days.

## **Further Reading**

- 1. Greenberg A. E., Trussell R. R. and Clesceri L. S., (Eds.), 1998, Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 20th Ed., APHA, Washington, D.C.
- 2. Litsky W., Mallmann W. L. and Fifield C. W., 1955, Am. J. Public Health, 45:104.
- 3. Litsky W., Mallmann W. L. and Fifield C. W., 1953, Am. J. Public Health, 43:873.

### Disclaimer:

- User must ensure suitability of the product(s) in their application prior to use.
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