Technical Information NZY (Harvard) Growth Medium

Product Code: G1028

NZY (Harvard) Growth Medium is used for lambda and filamentous phage.

Composition**:		
Ingredients	Grams/Litre	
Casein enzymic hydrolysate	10.00	
Yeast extract	5.00	
Sodium chloride	8.00	

** Formula adjusted, standardized to suit performance parameters

Methodology

Suspend 23 grams in 1000 ml distilled water. Heat to boiling to dissolve the medium completely. Dispense as desired and sterilize by autoclaving at 15 lbs pressure (121°C) for 15 minutes.

Principle and Interpretation :

NZY (Harvard) Growth Medium is used for lambda and filamentous phage. This medium was developed by Blattner and colleagues as a rich medium for the propagation of bacteriophages (1). Cells grow very fast in this medium as this medium provides all the amino acids, vitamins and other metabolites required for cell growth (2). Casein enzymic hydrolysate provides nitrogen, amino acids, and carbon sources for the cells. Yeast extract functions as the source of vitamins and trace elements. Sodium chloride provides sodium ions for transport and osmotic balance (3). NZY (Harvard) Growth Medium allows the cells to grow more rapidly as they do not have to synthesize nucleotide precursors and other factors required for growth.

Quality control

Appearance of Powder :

Cream to yellow coloured, homogeneous, free flowing powder. Colour and Clarity :

Light yellow coloured, clear solution without any precipitate.

Cultural Response : Cultural characteristics observed after an incubation at 35-37°C for 18 - 48 hours.

Organisms (ATCC) Escherichia coli ATCC 23724 Escherichia coli ATCC 25922 Escherichia coli MTCC 1652

Growth good-luxuriant good-luxuriant good-luxuriant

Storage and Shelf Life

Store below 30°C in tightly closed container and the prepared medium at 2 - 8°C. Use before expiry date on the label.

Reference

Blattner, F. R., B. G. Williams, A. E. Blechl, K. Denniston-Thompson, H. E. Faber, L. A. Furlong, D. J. Grunwald, D. O. Kiefer, D. D. Moore, J. W. Schumm, E. L. Sheldon, and O. Smithies. 1977. Charon phages: Safer derivatives of bacteriophage for DNA cloning. Science 196:161.
Ausubel, F. M., R. Brent, R. E. Kingston, D. D. Moore, J. G. Seidman, J. A. Smith, and K. Struhl. 1994. Current protocols in molecular biology, vol.
Current Protocols, New York, NY.

(3) Sambrook J., E. F. Fritsch, and T. Maniatis. 1989. Molecular cloning: a laboratory manual, 2nd ed. Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, Cold Spring Harbor, NY.



Molecular Biology Growth Media

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