

## Technical Information

### Urea Broth (Filter Sterilizable)

#### Product Code: DM 1111A

**Application:** Urea Broth (Filter Sterilizable) is recommended for the identification for the differentiation of *Proteus* species from *Salmonella* and *Shigella* species

#### Composition\*\*

Ingredients	Gms / Litre
Yeast extract	0.100
Dipotassium phosphate	9.500
Monopotassium phosphate	9.100
Urea	20.000
Phenol red	0.010
Final pH ( at 25°C)	6.8±0.2

\*\*Formula adjusted, standardized to suit performance parameters

#### Principle & Interpretation

Urea Broth (Filter Sterilizable) was developed by Rustigian and Stuart<sup>(1)</sup>. Based on urea utilization this medium is especially recommended for the differentiation of *Proteus* species from *Salmonella* and *Shigella* species in the diagnosis of enteric infection<sup>(2,-4)</sup>. Gram-negative enteric bacilli are unable to utilize urea because of less nutrients and high buffering capacity of the medium. Urea Broth becomes alkaline due to the utilization of urea by the organisms and liberating ammonia during the incubation as indicated by pink red colour. All urea test media rely on the alkalinity formation and so they are not specific for urease testing. The utilization of proteins may raise the pH to alkalinity due to protein hydrolysis and excess of amino acids results in false-positive reaction.

#### Methodology

Suspend 38.7 grams of powder media in 1000 ml distilled water. Mix well and sterilize by filtration. DO NOT AUTOCLAVE OR HEAT the medium. Dispense in sterile tubes.

#### Quality Control

##### Physical Appearance

Light yellow to light pink coloured homogeneous free flowing powder

##### Colour and Clarity of prepared medium

Yellow to orange coloured clear solution without any precipitate.

##### Reaction

Reaction of 3.87% w/v aqueous solution at 25°C. pH : 6.8±0.2

**pH Range:-** 6.60-7.00

##### Cultural Response/Characteristics

DM 1111A: Cultural characteristics observed after an incubation at 35-37°C for 18-24 hours.

Organism	Inoculum (CFU)	Growth
<i>Escherichia coli</i> ATCC 25922	50-100	Negative reaction, no change
<i>Enterobacter aerogenes</i> ATCC 13048	50-100	Negative reaction, no change
<i>Klebsiella pneumonia</i> ATCC 13883	50-100	Positive reaction, cerise colour
<i>Proteus mirabilis</i> ATCC 12453	50-100	Positive reaction, cerise colour
<i>Proteus vulgaris</i> ATCC 13315	50-100	Positive reaction, cerise colour



Dehydrated Culture Media  
Bases / Media Supplements

*Salmonella Typhimurium ATCC 14028*

50-100

Negative reaction, no change

## Storage and Shelf Life

**Dried Media:** Store below 30°C in tightly closed container and use before expiry date as mentioned on the label.

**Prepared Media:** 2-8<sup>0</sup> in sealable plastic bags for 2-5 days.

## Further Reading

1. Rustigian and Stuart, 1941, Proc. Soc. Exp. Biol. Med., 47:108.
2. Finegold and Baron, 1986, Bailey and Scotts Diagnostic Microbiology, 7th ed., The C.V. Mosby Co., St. Louis.
3. Christensen, 1946, J. Bact., 52:461.
4. MacFaddin J., 1980, Biochemical Tests for Identification of Medical Bacteria, 2nd ed., Williams and Wilkins, Baltimore.

## Disclaimer :

- User must ensure suitability of the product(s) in their application prior to use.
- The product conform solely to the technical information provided in this booklet and to the best of knowledge research and development work carried at **CDH** is true and accurate
- **Central Drug House Pvt. Ltd.** reserves the right to make changes to specifications and information related to the products at any time.
- Products are not intended for human or animal diagnostic or therapeutic use but for laboratory, research or further manufacturing of diagnostic reagents extra.
- Statements contained herein should not be considered as a warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, and no liability is accepted for infringement of any patents. Donot use the products if it fails to meet specificatons for identity and performens parameters.

