

Dehydrated Culture Media Bases / Media Supplements

Technical Information

Nutrient Agar Plate

Product Code: PM 1001

Application: - Recommended a general purpose medium for the cultivation of less fastidious microorganisms, can be enriched with blood

Composition**		
Ingredients	Gms / Litre	
Peptone	5.000	
Sodium chloride	5.000	
HM peptone B#	1.500	
Yeast extract	1.500	
Agar	15.000	
Final pH (at 25°C)	7.4±0.2	
**Earmula adjusted standardized to suit performance parameter		

**Formula adjusted, standardized to suit performance parameters

- Equivalent to Beef extract

Principle & Interpretation

Nutrient media are basic culture media used for maintaining microorganisms, cultivating fastidious organisms by enriching with serum or blood and are also used for purity checking prior to biochemical or serological testing (6,7). Nutrient Agar is ideal for demonstration and teaching purposes where a more prolonged survival of cultures at ambient temperature is often required without risk of overgrowth that can occur with more nutritious substrate. This relatively simple formula has been retained and is still widely used in the microbiological examination of variety of materials and is also recommended by standard methods. It is one of the several non-selective media useful in routine cultivation of microorganisms (1,2). It can be used for the cultivation and enumeration of bacteria which are not particularly fastidious. Addition of different biological fluids such as horse or sheep blood, serum, egg yolk etc. makes it suitable for the cultivation of related fastidious organisms. Peptone, HM peptone B and yeast extract provide the necessary nitrogen compounds, carbon, vitamins and also some trace ingredients necessary for the growth of bacteria. Sodium chloride maintains the osmotic equilibrium of the medium.

Type of specimen

Clinical samples - Blood; Food and dairy samples; Water samples

Specimen Collection and Handling:

For clinical samples follow appropriate techniques for handling specimens as per established guidelines (4,5). For food and dairy samples, follow appropriate techniques for sample collection and processing as per guidelines (1,2,8). For water samples, follow appropriate techniques for sample collection, processing as per guidelines and local standards.(3) After use, contaminated materials must be sterilized by autoclaving before discarding.

Warning and Precautions :

In Vitro diagnostic Use. Read the label before opening the pack. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/ face protection. Follow good microbiological lab practices while handling specimens and culture. Standard precautions as per established guidelines should be followed while handling clinical specimens. Safety guidelines may be referred in individual safety data sheets

Limitations :

 Individual organisms differ in their growth requirement and may show variable growth patterns on the medium
Each lot of the medium has been tested for the organisms specified on the COA. It is recommended to users to validate the medium for any specific microorganism other than mentioned in the COA based on the user's unique requirement.
It is recommended to store the plates ta 24-30°C to avoid minimum condensation.





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Performance and Evaluation

Performance of the medium is expected when used as per the direction on the label within the expiry period when stored at recommended temperature.

Methodology

Either streak, inoculate or surface spread the test inoculum (50-100 CFU) aseptically on the plate.

Quality Control

Physical Test			
Appearance			
Sterile Nutrient Agar in 90 mm disposable plates.			
рН			
7.20-7.60			
Quantity of medium			
25 ml of medium in 90 mm disposable plates.			
Colour of medium			
Light yellow coloured medium			
1. American Public Health Association, Standard Methods f	or the Examination of Dairy	Products, 1978, 14th Ed., Washir	ngton D.C.
Sterility Test			
Passes release criteria			
Cultural Response			
Cultural characteristics observed after an incubation at 35-	37°C for 18-48 hours.		
Organism	Inoculum	Growth	Recovery
	(CFU)		
Escherichia coli ATCC 25922 (00013*)	50-100	good-luxuriant	>=70%
Pseudomonas aeruginosa ATCC 27853 (00025*)	50	good-luxuriant	>=70%
Salmonella Typhi ATCC 6539	50	good-luxuriant	>=70%
Staphylococcus aureus subsp.aureus ATCC	50	good-luxuriant	>=70%
25923 (00034*)			
Streptococcus pyogenes ATCC 19615	50	good-luxuriant	>=70%
Salmonella Enteritidis ATCC 13076 (00030*)	50	good-luxuriant	>=70%
	50		700/
Salmonella Typhimurium ATCC 14028 (00031^)	50	good-luxuriant	>=70%
Yersinia enterocolitica ATCC 9610 (00038*)	50	good-luxuriant	>=70%
Yersinia enterocolitica ATCC 23715 (00160*)	50	good-luxuriant	>=70%

Key : *Corresponding WDCM numbers.

Storage and Shelf Life

• On receipt store between 20-30°C.

- Use before expiry date on the label.
- Product performance is best if used within stated expiry period.

Disposal

User must ensure safe disposal by autoclaving and/or incineration of used or unusable preparations of this product. Follow established laboratory procedures in disposing of infectious materials and material that comes into contact with clinical sample must be decontaminated and disposed of in accordance with current laboratory techniques (4,5).





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Further Reading

1. American Public Health Association, Standard Methods for the Examination of Dairy Products, 1978, 14th Ed., Washington D.C.

2 Salfinger Y., and Tortorello M.L., 2015, Compendium of Methods for the Microbiological Examination of Foods, 5th Ed., American Public Health Association, Washington, D.C.

3. Baird R.B., Eaton A.D., and Rice E.W., (Eds.), 2015, Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 23rd ed., APHA, Washington, D.C.

4. Isenberg, H.D. Clinical Microbiology Procedures Handbook 2nd Edition.

5. Jorgensen, J.H., Pfaller, M.A., Carroll, K.C., Funke, G., Landry, M.L., Richter, S.S and Warnock., D.W. (2015) Manual of Clinical Microbiology, 11th Edition. Vol. 1.

6. Lapage S., Shelton J. and Mitchell T., 1970, Methods in Microbiology', Norris J. and Ribbons D., (Eds.), Vol. 3A, Academic Press, London.

7. MacFaddin J. F., 2000, Biochemical Tests for Identification of Medical Bacteria, 3rd Ed., Lippincott, Williams and Wilkins, Baltimore.

8. Wehr H. M. and Frank J. H., 2004, Standard Methods for the Microbiological Examination of Dairy Products, 17th Ed., APHA Inc., Washington, D.C.

Disclaimer:

- User must ensure suitability of the product(s) in their application prior to use.
- The product conform solely to the technical information provided in this booklet and to the best of knowledge research and development work carried at **CDH** is true and accurate
- Central Drug House Pvt. Ltd. reserves the right to make changes to specifications and information related to the products at any time.
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- Statements contained herein should not be considered as a warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, and no liability is accepted for infringement of any patents.
- Do not use the products if it fails to meet specificatons for identity and performens parameters.

