



# NICKEL (II) FLUORIDE CAS No 10028-18-9

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET SDS/MSDS

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifiers

Product name : Nickel (II) fluoride

CAS-No. : 10028-18-9

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Laboratory chemicals, Industrial & for professional use only.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : Central Drug House (P) Ltd

7/28 Vardaan House New Delhi -110002

INDIA

Telephone : +91 11 49404040

Email : <u>care@cdhfinechemical.com</u>

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency Phone # : +91 11 49404040 (9:00am - 6:00 pm) [Office hours]

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

# Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity, Oral (Category 3), H301 Acute toxicity, Inhalation (Category 3), H331

Skin irritation (Category 2), H315

Serious eye damage (Category 1), H318

Respiratory sensitisation (Category 1), H334

Skin sensitisation (Category 1), H317

Germ cell mutagenicity (Category 2), H341

Carcinogenicity, Inhalation (Category 1A), H350i

Reproductive toxicity (Category 1B), H360D

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Category 1), H372

Acute aquatic toxicity (Category 1), H400

Chronic aquatic toxicity (Category 1), H410

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

### 2.2 Label elements

# Labelling according Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Pictogram



Signal word Danger

H301 + H331 Toxic if swallowed or if inhaled

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage.

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. H334

H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects. May cause cancer by inhalation. H350i May damage the unborn child. H360D

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement(s)

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P273 Avoid release to the environment. P280 Wear eye protection/face protection.

P280 Wear protective gloves. Wear respiratory protection. P284

Supplemental Hazard none

Statements

Restricted to professional users.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher. Strong hydrogen fluoride-releaser

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1 **Substances**

 $NiF_2$ Formula Molecular weight 96.69 g/mol CAS-No. 10028-18-9 EC-No. 233-071-3

# Hazardous ingredients according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Component Classification Concentration

### Nickel difluoride

CAS-No. Acute Tox. 3; Skin Irrit. 2; Eye <= 100 % 10028-18-9

EC-No. 233-071-3 Dam. 1: Resp. Sens. 1: Skin

> Sens. 1; Muta. 2; Carc. 1A; Repr. 1B; STOT RE 1; Aquatic Acute 1: Aquatic Chronic 1: H301, H331, H315, H318, H334, H317, H341, H350i, H360D, H372, H400, H410

Concentration limits:

>= 1 %: STOT RE 1, H372; 0.1 - < 1 %: STOT RE 2, H373; >= 0.01 %: Skin Sens. 1, H317; >= 1 %: STOT RE 1, H372; 0.1 - < 1 %: STOT RE

2, H373; >= 0.01 %: Skin

Sens. 1, H317;

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

### **General advice**

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Hydrofluoric (HF) acid burns require immediate and specialized first aid a hours depending on the concentration of HF. After decontamination with wa penetration/absorption of the fluoride ion. Treatment should be directed exposure. Skin exposures can be treated with a 2.5% calcium gluconate gel exposures may require subcutaneous calcium gluconate except for digital a technique, due to the potential for tissue injury from increased pressure and should be considered when undergoing decontamination. Prevention of a obtained by giving milk, chewable calcium carbonate tablets or Milk of Ma hypocalcemia, hypomagnesemia and cardiac arrhythmias should be monitored

### If inhaled

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

### In case of skin contact

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Take victim immediately to hospital. Consult a physician. First treatment with calcium gluconate paste.

### In case of eye contact

Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician.

### If swallowed

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

# 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

## 5.1 Extinguishing media

# Suitable extinguishing media

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hydrogen fluoride, Nickel/nickel oxides

# 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

# 5.4 Further information

No data available

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

# 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear respiratory protection. Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Avoid breathing dust. For personal protection see section 8.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Pick up and arrange disposal without creating dust. Sweep up and shovel. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

# 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed.

For precautions see section 2.2.

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in cool place. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

Keep in a dry place. Do not store in glass

Storage class (TRGS 510): Combustible solids, toxic

# 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1 Control parameters

# 8.2 Exposure controls

### **Appropriate engineering controls**

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

### Personal protective equipment

### Eye/face protection

Face shield and safety glasses Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

# Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

### **Body Protection**

Complete suit protecting against chemicals, The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

# Respiratory protection

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use (EN 143) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If th full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

# Control of environmental exposure

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

# 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

a) Appearance Form: powderb) Odour odourless

Odour Threshold No data available No data available d) рΗ Melting point/freezing No data available e) point

Initial boiling point and f) boiling range

No data available

g) Flash point Not applicable h) Evaporation rate No data available

The product is not flammable. i) Flammability (solid, gas)

Upper/lower j) flammability or explosive limits No data available

k) Vapour pressure No data available Vapour density No data available I) m) Relative density 4.72 g/cm3 at 25 °C

n) Water solubility ca.40 g/l at 25 °C - soluble

o) Partition coefficient: noctanol/water

No data available

p) Auto-ignition temperature No data available

q) Decomposition temperature

No data available

No data available r) Viscosity **Explosive properties** No data available s) Oxidizing properties No data available t)

#### 9.2 Other safety information

No data available

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### Reactivity 10.1

No data available

### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

# Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available

### Conditions to avoid

Avoid moisture.

Reacts dangerously with glass.

# 10.5 Incompatible materials

Peroxidesglass

### **Hazardous decomposition products**

Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - Hydrogen fluoride, Nickel/nickel oxides Other decomposition products - No data available

In the event of fire: see section 5

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

# **Acute toxicity**

LD50 Oral - Rat - male - 178 mg/kg(Nickel difluoride)

### Skin corrosion/irritation

No data available(Nickel difluoride)

# Serious eye damage/eye irritation

No data available(Nickel difluoride)

## Respiratory or skin sensitisation

No data available(Nickel difluoride)

### Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available(Nickel difluoride)

(Nickel difluoride)

Mouse

Micronucleus test

(Nickel difluoride)

Mouse

sperm

# Carcinogenicity

IARC: 1 - Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans (Nickel difluoride)

3 - Group 3: Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans (Nickel difluoride)

IARC: 1 - Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans (Nickel difluoride)

3 - Group 3: Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans (Nickel difluoride)

### Reproductive toxicity

No data available(Nickel difluoride)

# Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

No data available(Nickel difluoride)

### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

No data available

### **Aspiration hazard**

No data available(Nickel difluoride)

# **Additional Information**

Repeated dose toxicity - Rat - male and female - Inhalation(Nickel difluoride)

RTECS: QR6825000

Fluoride ion can reduce serum calcium levels possibly causing fatal hypocalcemia.

Salivation, Nausea, Vomiting, Fever, Dermatitis, To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated., Gastrointestinal disturbance, Material reacts with moisture on the skin, eyes, and mucous membranes to g destructive and may cause deep progressive burns that induce subcutaneous lesions of dead tissue that are slow to heal.(Nickel difluoride)

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1 Toxicity

No data available

# 12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

# 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

# 12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available(Nickel difluoride)

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

# 12.6 Other adverse effects

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

### Product

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Dissolve or mix the material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chem scrubber.

# Contaminated packaging

Dispose of as unused product.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

### 14.1 UN number

ADR/RID: 3288 IMDG: 3288 IATA: 3288

# 14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID: TOXIC SOLID, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (Nickel difluoride) IMDG: TOXIC SOLID, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (Nickel difluoride)

IATA: Toxic solid, inorganic, n.o.s. (Nickel difluoride)

### 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: 6.1 IMDG: 6.1 IATA: 6.1

# 14.4 Packaging group

ADR/RID: III IMDG: III IATA: III

# 14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: no IMDG Marine pollutant: no IATA: no

### 14.6 Special precautions for user

No data available

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This safety datasheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006.

# 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

For this product a chemical safety assessment was not carried out

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

# Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H301 + H331 Toxic if swallowed or if inhaled

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H350i	May cause cancer by inhalation.
H360D	May damage the unborn child.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### **Further information**

The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. Central Drug House (P) Ltd and its Affiliates shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product. See www.cdhfinechemical.com for additional terms and conditions of sale.